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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/624,997	07/23/2003	Peter Fuenfschilling	100-8345E	8182
1095 NOVARTIS			EXAMINER	
CORPORATE INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY			AUDET, MAURY A	
	H PLAZA 104/3 VER, NJ 07936-1080	I APTINIT		PAPER NUMBER
			1654	
	•		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/12/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
:		10/624,997	FUENFSCHILLING ET AL.		
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Maury Audet	1654		
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app				
Period fo	• •				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES IN (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDON	DN. timely filed m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 4/9/0	<u>7</u> .			
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.		
Dispositi	on of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 11-17,19,21-28,30-36,38,39 and 41-4 4a) Of the above claim(s) 18 is/are withdrawn f Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 11-17,19,21-28,30-36,38,39 and 41-4 Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	rom consideration. 8 is/are rejected.	ion.		
Applicati	ion Papers				
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on 23 July 2003 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So tion is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureausee the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicative documents have been received in Applicative documents have been received.	ation No ved in this National Stage		
Attachmen 1) Notice	et(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summa	ry (PTO-413)		
2) Notice 3) Information	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	Date I Patent Application		

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DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's response of 4/9/07 is acknowledged. There are no amendments to the claims. Applicant's arguments over Rudat et al. (alone) have been considered and are deemed persuasive as to the previous grounds of rejection under 35 USC 102 and 103. Due to the new grounds of rejection, the present action is being sent NON-FINAL. Claims 11-17, 19, 21-28, 30-36, 38-39, and 41-48 remain pending and examined on the merits.

As stated in the previous action:

The present application has been transferred from former Examiner Shirali to the present Examiner. Claim 18 remains withdrawn. Claims 11-17, 19, 21-28, 30-36, 38-39, and 41-48 are pending and examined on the merits. It is noted that all the claims, except claim 19, are product by process. As the previous Examiner indicated, a product by process is still nevertheless a product (like the claim structure in claim 19): [E]ven though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on the method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process" (In re Thorpe, 777 F2d 695,698, 227 USPQ 964,966 (Fed. Cir.1985)(emphasis added)). [Note: Should Applicant be pursuing a new method of making a known product (e.g. substantially pure to pure (99.5% or >) cyclosporins; see e.g. specification page 6), the appropriate claim format is through a method of making (rather than product or product by process), which may be pursued via a divisional or continuation out of the present application.]

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 11-17, 19, 21-28, 30-36, 38-39, and 41-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rudat et al. (US 5,256,547) in view of Business Wire (Business Wire, "SangStat Announces Agreement with Eli Lilly for Manufacturing of CYCLOSPORINE; SangStat Retains Worldwide Commercial Rights"; Nov. 6, 1996, http://www.findarticles. com/p/articles/mim0EIN/is_1996_Nov_6/ ai_18835470 – previously cited under Prior Art Made of Record but Not Relied Upon).

Rudat et al. is discussed above. Rudat et al. teach a *bulk quantity* of cyclosporin A [though less than Applicant, but still a bulk quantity] *with an impurity level of less than 0.5%* by area using HPLC (see e.g. Example 8, 100% pure cyclosporine A in a bulk quantity of 61.5g; entire document). Although Rudat et al. teaches a bulk production of cyclosporine (61.5 g), the reference does not expressly teach that one of skill in the art could naturally carry out the same process to produce e.g. greater than 1 kg of the pure cyclosporine (e.g. Applicant's claim 11). [It is noted that Applicant is claiming "substantially pure" to "pure" cyclosporine, since the claimed range is 99.5% or greater up to 100%. "Pure" equates to 100% by the United States

Pharmacopoeia and supplement; while "substantially pure" does not require absolute purity of 100% (> 99.5% to 99.999% as claimed)].

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Business Wire, cited merely by example that bulk manufacturing (e.g. greater than 1 kg) of cyclosporine is well known in the pharmaceutical industry, Business Wire published an article as far back as November 1996 (e.g. which would predate Applicant's 9/11/96 priority date) detailing years of previous development by SangStat for a proprietary cyclosporine to be later produced in bulk, for which Eli Lilly was selected to do the bulk manufacturing. [Applicant like Eli Lilly, is assumed to be one of ordinary skill in the art in bulk manufacturing, and it is assumed the Lilly process can produce about 1kg or more – absent credible evidence by Applicant that one of his skilled artisans (Lilly) process actually cannot produce this quantity].

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to produce a 1 kg or greater quantity of cyclosporine (with greater than 99.5%) in Rudat et al., because Business Wire advantageously teach the bulk manufacturing of cyclosporine (e.g. able to produce 1kg or more) and Rudat et al. advantageously teach a bulk quantity of PURE cyclosporine, and election to produce a bulk amount of 1 g, 500 g, 1 kg, or 2 million kg's of the same is merely a matter of judicious selection by the manufacturer of the cyclosporine depending on the number of e.g. prescriptions projected to be filled for the following month, year(s) as determined by the manufacturers client requests and internal marketing and research team.

As to the product by process claims - [E]ven though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on the method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art,

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the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process" (In re Thorpe, 777 F2d 695,698, 227 USPQ 964,966 (Fed. Cir.1985)(emphasis added)).

From the teachings of the references, it is apparent that one of ordinary skill in the art would have had a reasonable expectation of success in producing the claimed invention. Therefore, the invention as a whole was prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, as evidenced by the reference, especially in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

Conclusion

No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Maury Audet whose telephone number is 571-272-0960. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th. 7AM-5:30PM (10 Hrs.).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cecelia Tsang can be reached on 571-272-0562. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MA, 07/09/2007

PATENT EXAMINER